

Stapled Hemorrhoidectomy



Stapled Hemorrhoidectomy, also known as stapled Hemorrhoidopexy, is a surgical procedure that involves the removal of abnormally enlarged Hemorrhoidal tissue, followed by the repositioning of the remaining Hemorrhoidal tissue back to its normal anatomic position.

Stapling is used to treat prolapsed hemorrhoids. A surgical staple fixes the prolapsed hemorrhoid back into place inside your rectum and cuts off the blood supply so that the tissue will shrink and be reabsorbed. Stapling recovery takes less time and is less painful than recovery from a Hemorrhoidectomy.

Stapled Hemorrhoidopexy combined with an excisional technique is effective for more advanced hemorrhoid disease. The combination may prevent symptomatic recurrence associated to stapled Hemorrhoidopexy alone.

Stapled Hemorrhoidectomy is a day care procedure. It should last 6 to 12 hours to provide pain relief after surgery. If you are not going to stay overnight in the hospital after surgery, you will leave only after the Anesthesia wears off and you have urinate.